Half-life-extended monoclonal antibody APG777 for atopic dermatitis: Design of the phase 2 APEX study

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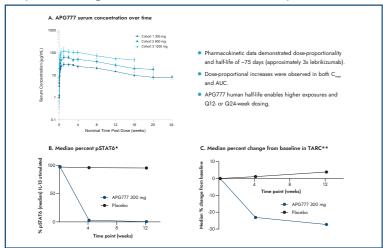
Introduction

- IL-13 plays a key role in the pathogenesis of atopic dermatitis, asthma, and other inflammatory and immunologic conditions. 1,2
- APG777 is a humanized, IgG1 monoclonal antibody that potently binds IL-13 and prevents IL-13Rα1/IL-4Rα heterodimer formation (Figure 1).
- Interim data from the single-ascending dose portion of a phase 1 study in healthy human volunteers demonstrated that (Figure 2):3,4
- APG777 has a half-life of ~75 days and provides strong inhibition of downstream biomarkers pSTAT6 and TARC.
- APG777 is well tolerated at doses up to 1200 mg.
- Adverse events were mild and generally considered unrelated to study drug.
- The favorable safety profile and optimized pharmacokinetics of APG777 supported the initiation of a phase 2 study in adults with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis where every 3- to 6-month maintenance dosing would be evaluated

Figure 1. APG777 mechanism of action



Figure 2. Phase 1 data demonstrate that APG777 has a half-life of ~75 days and provides strong inhibition of downstream biomarkers pSTAT6 and TARC4



*n=1 in APG777 300 mg group because the pSTAT6 assay was not available when the first participants reached the pre-specified study visits; n=4 in placebo group

**n=5 in APG777 300 mg group, n=6 in placebo group

pSTAT6, phosphorylated Signal Transducer and Activator of Transcription 6; TARC, Thymus and Activation Regulated Chemokine

Study Objective

 APEX (APG777-201; NCT: NCT06395948) is a two-part, randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled phase 2 study evaluating APG777 in adults with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis.

Methods

Figure 3. Design of the 2-part APEX study: Part A

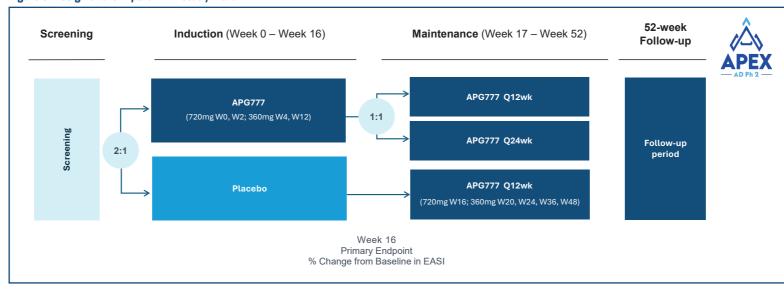
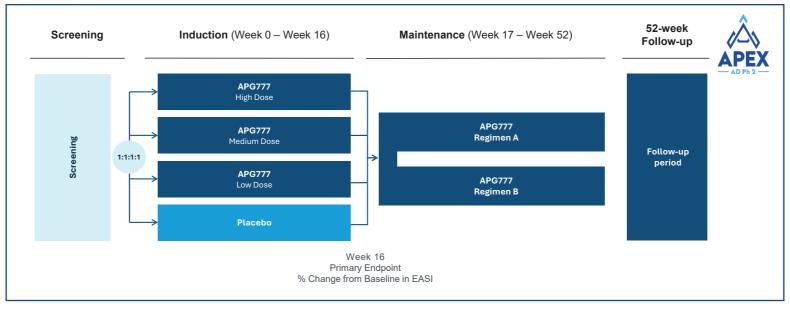


Figure 4. Design of the 2-part APEX study: Part B

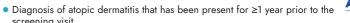


Design of the 2-part APEX study

- APEX (APG777-201; NCT: NCT06395948) is a phase 2 study evaluating APG777 in adults with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis.
- The study combines typical phases 2a and 2b of a clinical trial into a single study.
- Part A: 16-week proof-of-concept period, followed by a 36-week maintenance period, and then a 52-week follow-up period (Figure 3).
- Part B: global 16-week dose-optimization period, followed by a 36-week maintenance period, and then a 52-week follow-up period (Figure 4)
- Participants who complete the maintenance treatment period may be eligible to participate in a separate long-term extension (LTE) study.

Inclusion criteria

Adults ≥18 years of age.





- EASI ≥16, IGA ≥3, BSA ≥10%.

- History of inadequate response to treatment with topical medications, or medical determination that topical therapies are inadvisable.
- Applied a stable dose of non-medicated over-the-counter emollient/moisturizer for ≥14 days prior to baseline visit and agree to use same moisturizer at the same frequency throughout the study.
- Have completed itch questionnaires in the electronic diary for ≥4 of 7 days prior to baseline visit

Exclusion criteria

- Participation in a prior study with APG777.
- Prior treatment with protocol-specified monoclonal antibodies.
- Use of any atopic dermatitis-related topical medications within 7 days prior to
- Use of systemic treatments (other than biologics) and/or phototherapies and/or laser therapy that could affect atopic dermatitis within 4 weeks prior to baseline visit

Study Endpoints

Objectives	Endpoints
Efficacy	Primary endpoint: Percentage change in EASI from baseline at Week 16.
	Secondary endpoints:
	EASI 50, 75, 90, and 100.
	• vIGA 0 (clear) or 1 (almost clear) and a 2-point reduction from baseline.
	• Change in BSA .
	 4-point responder analysis in Itch NRS.
Safety	Safety evaluations, including TEAEs.

BSA, Body Surface Area; EASI, Eczema Area and Sensitivity Index; vIGA, validated Investigator Global Assessment NRS, Numerical Rating Scale

Study Status

References

1. Bieber T, et al. Allergy 2020;75:54-62.

Barnes Pl. et al. Nat Rev Immunol 2018:18:454–66.

3. Zhu E, et al. Presented at the Society of Investigative

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Dermatology (SID) Annual Meeting, 2024.

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• The APEX study (NCT06395948) is currently enrolling.

For further information please contact ClinicalTrials@apogeetherapeutics.com





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